# SOCIO-ECONOMIC BASELINE DEVELOPMENT FLORIDA KEYS NATIONAL MARINE SANCTUARY:

#### **FISHING YEARS 1998--2006**

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#### **BACKGROUND**

The National Oceanic and Administration's (NOAA) 1995 Draft Management Plan (DMP) for the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary (FKNMS) contained a zoning action plan designating 26 zones that restricted consumptive uses. The largest of these zones, the three replenishment reserves, constituted 5.1 percent of the 2,800 square nautical miles of the FKNMS. The Dry Tortugas Ecological Reserve (DTER) was the largest reserve designated under the DMP. Encompassing 37,800 hectares, the zone included the entire distance of the north-south limits of the FKNMS in a location east of the Dry Tortugas National Park (DTNP).

The proposals met with considerable questioning from a variety of sources, and to accommodate the public NOAA chose to employ a designation process for the DTER with enhanced public participation opportunities. Divided into *three* phases, the Tortugas 2000 Planning Process¹ incorporated public input at various levels of development during the three general stages of development (design, solicitation of public information and comment, and final refinements and implementation). All of this commenced in early 1998. *Phase I* consisted of information gathering on the DTER and the development of reserve and boundary alternatives. This phase was completed in mid-1999, when the Sanctuary Advisory Council (SAC) -- a body composed of user group and citizen representatives that provide recommendations on FKNMS regulations and management -- voted on a preferred alternative and recommended it to NOAA and the State of Florida. *Phase II* commenced with the publication of the Draft Supplemental Environmental Impact Statement (DSEIS), followed by public comments on the draft plan. Finally, *Phase III* consisted of the revision of the draft plan and publishing of the final regulations.

#### PHASE I ACTIVITIES AND SOCIO-ECONOMIC DATA COLLECTIONS

In February 1998, the SAC established a subcommittee to participate in a Working Group that would assist in the development of criteria used in selecting the boundaries and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For a summary of the process see "Tortugas 2000" A Collaborative Process to Create an Ecological Reserve in the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary. Staff Paper June 1999.

regulations of the proposed DTER. The 24-member group consisted of SAC members and outside experts, and was comprised of agency representatives and members of affected user groups. At its February 1999 meeting, the Working Group drafted a set of criteria to be used to evaluate proposed boundary alternatives. The FKNMS also organized two information-gathering panels, on the Ecological and Socioeconomic Characterization of the DTER, to provide the Working Group with information on the natural and human dimensions of the region. The Ecological Characterization Forum, held in April 1998, considered the physical characterization, local knowledge, and species of the DTER. The Socioeconomic Characterization Forum, held in June 1998, discussed the various uses of the region and the socioeconomic considerations. In late October and early November 1998, NOAA held five scoping meetings as required under the EIS process (NOAA, 1998). These meetings were designed to provide the public with information on NOAA's intent to designate an ecological reserve in the Dry Tortugas, as well as to gather public comments.

#### COMMERCIAL FISHERMEN AND THE DTER

The authors entered into a contract with NOAA (9/18/98) to conduct a socioeconomic study on commercial fishermen who utilize the Dry Tortugas region. The average costs of vessel and gear for fishermen within the DTER demonstrate the considerable investment and high expenses involved in fishing the Dry Tortugas. Although the respondents fished a variety of species, they landed only spiny lobster, shrimp, reef fish, and king mackerel from the DTER. The preliminary statistics demonstrated the importance of the DTER to the fishermen that utilize the region. Almost two-thirds of the spiny lobster landed by the sample was caught in the DTER, as well as approximately half of the reef fish.

In addition to the successful Tortugas data collection, a baseline data collection effort also began in 1998 and 1999. The effort completed over the first three years has been concerned with the initiation of a harvest data baseline for use in assisting NOAA evaluation of potential impacts on commercial fisheries of the DTER. The baseline documentation was initiated also in other areas of Monroe County to construct a data set capable of future monitoring of the FKNMS related commercial fisheries in the region.

The information collected by this project was to complement the ecological monitoring program and was intended to be long-term. The monitoring effort consisted of two data sets:

- 1. The establishment of four commercial fishing "panels" consisting of fishermen with active Saltwater Product Licenses (SPLs) in Monroe County:
  - "Tortugas" fishermen with active SPLs that currently fished in the area generally known as the Dry Tortugas [as referenced by the Florida Marine Research Institutes (FMRI) statistical grids 2.0 and 2.9 for gathering information through the trip ticket program].
  - "Sambos" fishermen with active SPLs that currently that fished the "Sambos Ecological Reserve" (Sambos) prior to July 1997.

- "General" fishermen with active SPLs who did not fish in areas which were the subject of immediate management proposals by the FKNMS; i.e. those who fished neither within the Dry Tortugas; Sanctuary Preservation Areas (SPAs); or, the Sambos Ecological Reserves.
- Fishermen with active SPLs who were Marine Life Collectors.

The fishermen selected were believed to be representative of the commercial fishermen in Monroe County. Based upon information they have made available, the annual information includes: total catch in pounds by species, total revenue generated by species, cost of fishing, and net earnings from fishing and related socio-economic information.

- 2. Monitoring also was to include: the compiling of information on the overall commercial fishery for the entire State of Florida and for Monroe County, Florida. Those comparative measures include:
  - Numbers of SPLs in Monroe County and the State of Florida.
  - Harvest (measured in pounds), ex-vessel value of landings, number of fishing trips for total landings by species and area of catch, for both Monroe County and the State as a whole, from the State of Florida's Trip Ticket Information System on an annual basis.<sup>2</sup>
  - Number of lobster and stone crab traps for Monroe County and the State of Florida.
  - Number of vessels and boats in the commercial fishery of Monroe County and the State of Florida.

The goal of the assessments is to compare trends in the various measures of commercial fishing at both the County and the State levels. Ideally long-term comparisons of the activities of the panels, with the overall situation in Monroe County and the State, will allow some inference as to the impacts of regulations and other activity in the FKNMS.

The panels are to provide the beginning of a monitoring mechanism from which future positive or negative changes related to displacement from Sanctuary zones could be quantified. Such analysis was understood to be beyond the scope of this initial documentation and would necessarily involve more detailed information on other factors not related to the Sanctuary's management, such as input cost and market factors, other state and federal fishery regulations, etc. It was also recognized in these formative years, that analyses would be very limited since it would require several years of monitoring information before reasonable assessments could be conducted.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Catch by area from the FMRI includes statistical grids: 1.0, 1.1, 1.9, 2.0, 2.9, 3.0, 3.1, 3.2, 3.9, 748, 748.1, and 748.9 for Monroe County. The quality of this data has varied over time and improved over the recent past. Most recent data on landings includes 99% of the commercial catch being identified by reporting grid.

#### **COMMERCIAL FISHING PANELS**

The annual data obtained from interviews with the commercial fishing panels summarized below allows some comparison between the various regions to be benchmarked.

### COMMERCIAL FISHING PANELS — YEAR ONE

COMMERCIAL	COMMERCIAL FISHING PANELS — YEAR ONE  1997-1998 Fishing Year <sup>3,4</sup> — Tortugas					
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value		Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment	
LB/SC/SG	\$246,210	\$148,615	\$97,596	\$125,000	\$52,000	
Shrimp	212,835	177,090	35,745	300,000	9,100	
SG	50,761	34,282	16,479	80,000	12,000	
LB/SC/SG	159,235	83,905	75,330	150,000	30,250	
LB/SC/SG	341,500	261,400	80,100	225,000	105,500	
LB	166,000	99,798	66,202	100,000	37,000	
Average <sup>5</sup>	\$196,090	\$134,812	\$61,909	\$163,333	\$40,975	
	1997-	1998 Fishing	Year — Sambo	s		
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment	
LB/SC/Mack	\$99,700	\$65,190	\$34,510	\$85,000	\$66,500	
LB/SG/Mack	116,000	37,033	78,967	133,333	96,667	
SG	143,300	106,275	37,025	175,000	114,475	
LB/SC/SG	92,000	98,170	(-6,170)	270,000	88,000	
LB/SC/SG	41,300	23,260	18,040	30,000	14,000	
LB	94,050	90,070	3,980	140,000	39,750	
Average	\$97,725	\$70,000	\$27,725	\$138,889	\$69,899	
	1997-	-1998 Fishing	g Year — Genera	al		
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment	
LB/SC/Mack	\$133,335	\$90,070	\$43,265	\$85,000	\$65,500	
LB/SG	47,600	27,500	20,100	35,000	25,200	
SG	65,910	52,672	13,238	90,000	54,000	
LB/SC/SG	76,560	63,792	12,768	40,000	49,500	
LB/SC/SG	66,400	52,300	14,100	50,000	60,000	
SG/Shark	189,332	107,970	81,362	120,000	30,000	
Average	\$96,523	\$65,717	\$30,806	\$70,000	\$47,367	

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The first year of socio-economic monitoring effort commenced in September 1998. On September 25, 1998 "Hurricane Georges' struck Monroe County (Florida Keys) causing widespread damage and economic dislocation in the study area. As a result, the first year surveys represent annual catch totals for the prior (1997) calendar year while much of the costs associated with spiny lobster and stone crab gear maintenance reported, are considered atypical as the storm struck at the peak of the lobster season and just prior to crab season inflicting heavy damage on the fixed gear deployed in the fishery.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> For Fishing Year One and Two charts *Type of Harvester* -- LB=spiny lobsters, SC= stone crab, Mack = Spanish mackerel and king mackerel, SG= reef fish

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Where fisherman owns more than one vessel all records reflect the average per vessel.

1997-1998 Fishing Year — Collectors						
Type Harvester	Harvest Total (#) <sup>6</sup>	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment	
Tropicals	74,000	\$8,800	N/A	\$23,000	\$5,000	
Tropicals	32,800	7,500	N/A	40,000	60,000	
Tropicals	86,000	8,250	N/A	100,000	6,000	
Average	\$48,200	\$6,138	N/A	\$40,750	\$17,750	

### **COMMERCIAL FISHING PANELS — YEAR TWO**

	1998-	1999 Fishing	Year — Tortuga	ıs			
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment		
Lb/SC/SG	\$301,640	\$168,400	\$133,640	\$125,000	\$50,000		
Shrimp	160,800	131,960	28,840	300,000	9,000		
SG	126,800	105048	21,752	150,000	12,000		
LB/SC/SG	134,930	92,379	42,551	100,000	32,500		
LB/SC/SG	398,100	421,172	(-23,072)	400,000	121,000		
LB	172,400	147,400	25,000	235,000	38,000		
Average <sup>7</sup>	\$215,778	\$177,726	\$38,118	\$218,333	\$43,750		
	1998	-1999 Fishing	year — Sambo	s			
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment		
LB/SC/Mack	\$137,500	\$91,586	\$45,914	\$80,000	\$60,000		
LB/SC/Mack	212,655	102,296	110,358	133,000	97,000		
LB/SC/Mack	146,500	97,560	48,940	200,000	146,000		
LB/SC/SG	117,495	107,042	10,453	300,000	134,000		
LB	64,650	30,000	34,650	30,000	17,600		
LB/SC	96,200	71,036	25,164	100,000	24,000		
Average	\$129,666	\$83,253	\$45,913	\$140,500	\$79,766		
	1998	-1999 Fishing	g Year — <i>Genera</i>	al			
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment		
LB/SC/Mack	\$135,425	\$87,800	\$47,625	\$90,000	\$153,000		
LB/SC	90,500	58,850	31,650	35,000	52,500		
LB/SG	101,200	80,660	20,540	90,000	52,500		
LB/SC	89,600	72,200	17,400	40,000	49,000		
LB/SC/Mack	76,050	56,500	19,550	45,000	43,500		
SG/Shark	187,500	98,800	88,700	120,000	30,000		
Average	\$113,379	\$75,801	\$37,577	\$70,000	\$63,416		
	1998-1999 Fishing Year — Collectors						
Type Harvester	Harvest Total (#)	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment		
Tropicals	85,000	\$7,200	N/A	\$23,000	\$5,000		
Tropicals	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Tropicals	N/A	\$8,250	N/A	\$100,000	\$5,000		
Average	NA	NA	N/A	NA	NA		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> For survey years one and two, the *collectors* surveyed reported *numbers versus* (\$) of tropical or marine life species harvested.

Where fisherman owns more than one vessel all records reflect the average per vessel.

### **COMMERCIAL FISHING PANELS — YEAR THREE**

		1999-2000 Fishi	ng Year – Tortug	as	
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment
Lb/SC/SG	\$340,413	\$184,974	\$155,439	\$150,000	\$38,500
Shrimper	184,075	172,600	11,475	300,000	12,000
SG	122,774	114,470	8,304	170,000	10,000
LB/SC/SG	149,530	102,379	47,151	100,000	32,500
Lb/SC/SG	188,100	128,172	59,928	400,000	121,000
Shrimper	158,086	124,725	33,361	300,000	25,000
LB	182,118	167,800	14,318	225,000	38,000
Average <sup>8</sup>	\$189,299	\$142,160	\$47,139	\$235,000	\$39,571
		1999-2000 Fisl	hing Year – <i>Saml</i>	oos	
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment
LB/SC/Mack	\$192,295	\$102,296	\$89,999	\$133,000	\$97,000
LB/SG/Mack	196,445	109,560	86,885	200,000	146,000
LB/SC/Mack	117,495	107,000	10,495	300,000	134,000
LB/SC/Mack	98,107	104,158	(-6,051)	350,000	173,710
LB	87,900	38,500	49,400	30,000	17,600
LB/SC	106,650	71,036	35,614	100,000	24,000
Average	\$133,149	\$88,758	\$44,390	\$185,500	\$98,718
		1999-2000 Fis	hing Year – <i>Gene</i>	eral	
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment
LB/SC	\$178,437	\$96,200	\$82,237	\$80,000	\$146,200
LB/SC	108,980	77,656	31,324	40,000	59,600
LB/SG	91,205	75,886	15,319	90,000	52,500
LB/SC	142,970	108,450	34,520	120,000	70,000
Lb/SC/Mack	76,050	56,500	19,550	45,000	43,500
SG/Shark	179,700	123,980	55,720	88,000	35,000
Average	\$129,557	\$89,779	\$39,778	\$77,167	\$67,800
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Tyraa	Unwest				Denlessmant
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment
Tropicals	\$34,980	\$16,780	\$18,200	\$35,000	\$10,000
Tropicals	60,428	14,900	45,528	40,000	60,000
Tropicals	18,980	2,700	16,280	100,000	6,000
Tropicals	27,900	16,300	11,600	25,000	2,500
Tropicals	17,500	12,460	5,040	80,000	8,000
Average	\$31,958	\$12,628	\$19,330	\$56,000	\$17,300

 $<sup>^{8}</sup>$  Inter-annual comparisons of total harvest value for the Tortugas panel are limited due to the expansion of the number of shrimp operations in the Tortugas area during year three.

## COMMERCIAL FISHING PANELS — YEAR FOUR

	T	2000-2001 Fish	ing Year – Tortug	ias	T T
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment
Lb/SC/SG	\$305,946	\$214,974	\$90,972	\$200,000	\$37,500
Shrimper	173,950	159,460	14,490	270,000	12,000
SG	108,470	100,656	7,814	175,000	12,000
LB/SC/SG	129,671	113,800	15,871	100,000	32,500
Lb/SC/SG	168,760	135,920	32,840	300,000	121,000
Shrimper	156,475	125,180	31,295	250,000	25,000
LB	154,800	115,570	39,230	225,000	38,000
Average	\$149,759	\$120,695	\$29,064	\$190,000	\$34,750
		2000-2001 Fish	ning Year – Samb	os	
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment
LB/SC/Mack	\$115,300	\$81,224	\$34,076	\$133,000	\$100,000
LB/SG/Mack	139,475	77,548	61,927	200,000	160,000
LB/SC/Mack	111,620	100,650	10,970	275,000	110,000
LB/SC/Mack	66,712	64,980	1,732	300,000	120,000
LB	70,340	30,650	39,690	20,000	20,000
LB/SC	66,800	59,100	7,700	100,000	22,000
Average	\$81,464	\$59,165	\$22,299	\$146,857	\$76,000
		2000-2001 Fisl	ning Year – <i>Gener</i>	ral	
Туре	Harvest	Harvest	Harvest	Replacement	Replacement Cost
Harvester	Total Value	Total Cost	Net Earnings	Cost Vessel	Equipment
LB/SC	\$163,083	\$87,587	\$75,496	\$40,000	\$146,200
LB/SC	65,388	65,711	(-323)	40,000	50,000
LB/SG	62,019	49,615	12,404	90,000	52,500
LB/SC	139,445	115,665	23,780	70,000	70,000
Lb/SC/Mack	67,534	61,676	5,858	45,000	40,000
SG/Shark	148,292	118,720	29,572	80,000	35,000
Average	\$92,252	\$71,282	\$20,970	\$52,143	\$56,243
		2000-2001 Fishi	ng Year – <i>Collect</i>	ors	
Туре	Harvest	Harvest	Harvest	Replacement	Replacement
Type Harvester	Total Value	Total Cost	Net Earnings	Cost Vessel	Cost Equipment
Tropicals	\$38,680	\$18,220	\$20,460	\$25,000	\$8,000
Tropicals	78,501	19,380	59,121	30,000	60,000
Tropicals	12,880	2,060	10,820	100,000	9,000
Tropicals	22,945	13,410	9,535	40,000	3,500
Tropicals	27,650	19,062	8,588	70,000	12,000
•	\$30,109	\$12,022	\$12,022	\$44,167	\$15,417

## **COMMERCIAL FISHING PANELS — YEAR FIVE**

		2001-2002 Fish	ing Year – <i>Tortu</i> g	as	
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment
Lb/SC/SG	\$260,054	\$150,482	\$109,572	\$200,000	\$37,500
Shrimper	121,765	127,568	(-5,803)	270,000	72,000
SG	83,522	100,656	(-17,134)	175,000	12,000
LB/SC/SG	116,704	109,000	7,704	100,000	32,500
Lb/SC/SG	158,634	116,891	41,743	300,000	121,000
Shrimper	140,828	118,921	21,907	250,000	25,000
Shrimper	137,772	83,210	54,562	225,000	38,000
Average	\$145,611	\$115,933	\$29,679	\$217,143	\$48,286
		2001-2002 Fish	ing Year – <i>Samb</i> e	os	
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment
LB/SC/Mack	\$118,759	\$82,848	\$35,911	\$133,000	\$100,000
LB/SG/Mack	136,686	73,671	63,015	200,000	160,000
LB/SC/Mack	117,201	99,644	17,558	275,000	110,000
LB/SC/Mack	59,374	61,731	(-2,357)	300,000	120,000
LB	47,831	30,344	17,488	20,000	20,000
LB/SC	66,800	53,190	13,610	100,000	22,000
Average	\$91,108	\$66,905	\$24,204	\$171,333	\$88,667
		2001-2002 Fish	ning Year – <i>Gener</i>	al	_
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment
LB/SC	\$145,144	\$69,194	\$75,950	\$40,000	\$146,200
LB/SC	55,580	65,711	(-10,131)	40,000	50,000
LB/SG	62,019	38,700	23,319	90,000	52,500
LB/SC	111,556	115,665	(4,109)	70,000	70,000
Lb/SC/Mack	67,534	48,107	19,427	45,000	40,000
SG/Shark	133,463	112,784	20,679	80,000	35,000
Average	\$95,883	\$75,027	\$20,856	\$60,833	\$65,617
		2001-2002 Fishi	ng Year – <i>Collect</i>	ors	
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment
Tropicals	\$40,614	\$18,584	\$22,030	\$25,000	\$8,000
Tropicals	79,286	23,256	56,030	30,000	60,000
Tropicals	11,592	1,854	9,738	100,000	9,000
Tropicals	26,387	14,751	11,636	40,000	3,500
Tropicals	29,033	20,968	8,064	70,000	12,000
Average	\$37,382	\$15,883	\$21,500	\$44,167	\$15,417

## COMMERCIAL FISHING PANELS — YEAR SIX9

		2002-2003 Fishi	ng Year – <i>Tortu</i> g	yas			
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment		
Lb/SC/SG	\$255,652	\$190,482	\$65,170	\$200,000	\$37,500		
Shrimper	119,704	117,568	2,136	270,000	72,000		
SG	82,108	90,656	(-8,548)	175,000	12,000		
LB/SC/SG	114,728	109,000	5,728	100,000	32,500		
Lb/SC/SG	155,949	116,891	39,058	300,000	121,000		
Shrimper	138,444	118,921	19,523	250,000	25,000		
Shrimper	135,440	183,210	(-47,770)	225,000	38,000		
Average	\$143,146	\$132,390	\$10,756	\$217,143	\$48,286		
		2002-2003 Fishi	ng Year – <i>Samb</i> o	os			
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment		
LB/SC/Mack	\$114,646	\$72,800	\$41,846	\$133,000	\$100,000		
LB/SG/Mack	131,953	73,600	58,353	200,000	160,000		
LB/SC/Mack	113,142	109,600	3,542	275,000	110,000		
LB/SC/Mack	57,318	61,700	(-4,382)	300,000	120,000		
LB	46,175	30,300	15,875	20,000	20,000		
LB/SC	64,487	53,190	11,297	100,000	22,000		
Average	\$114,646	\$72,800	41,846	\$171,000	\$89,000		
		2002-2003 Fishi	ng Year – <i>Gener</i>	al			
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment		
LB/SC	\$140,118	\$67,837	\$72,281	\$40,000	\$146,200		
LB/SC	53,655	64,423	(-10,767)	40,000	50,000		
LB/SG	59,871	37,941	21,930	90,000	52,500		
LB/SC	107,693	113,397	(-5,704)	70,000	70,000		
Lb/SC/Mac k	65,195	48,107	17,088	45,000	40,000		
SG/Shark	128,841	110,573	18,269	80,000	35,000		
Average	\$79,149	\$73,603	\$5,546	\$61,000	\$66,000		
	2002-2003 Fishing Year – Collectors						
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment		
Tropicals	\$39,207.57	\$20,442	\$18,765	\$25,000	\$8,000		
Tropicals	76,540.39	25,582	50,959	30,000	60,000		
Tropicals	11,190.58	2,039	9,151	100,000	9,000		
Tropicals	25,473.24	16,226	9,247	40,000	3,500		
Tropicals	28,027.61	23,065	4,963	70,000	12,000		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Beginning in Year 6 of the monitoring program changes in panel makeup precluded tracking the full timeseries of individual panel members. Catch data has been provided for time-series by new panel members and current total and variable cost information is provided, thus allowing the use of overall average cost comparisons for each panel over time-See Annual Comparison chart on page 12. Marine life collectors did not provide data during the first two years of the panel development.

Average	\$29,791	\$17,487	\$12,304	\$53,000	\$19,000
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### **COMMERCIAL FISHING PANELS — YEAR SEVEN**

	2003-2004 Fishing Year – <i>Tortuga</i> s					
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment	
Lb/SC/SG	\$400,400	\$305,645	\$94,756	\$200,000	\$37,500	
Shrimper	205,400	166,752	38,648	270,000	72,000	
SG	139,100	115,260	23,840	175,000	12,000	
LB/SC/SG	171,600	123,170	48,430	100,000	32,500	
Lb/SC/SG	179,400	132,210	47,190	300,000	121,000	
Shrimper	197,600	134,381	63,219	250,000	25,000	
Shrimper	248,300	116,627	131,673	225,000	38,000	
Lb/SC/SG	252,200	197,750	54,450	250000	35,000	
Lb/SC/SG	379,600	254,250	125,350	275000	45,000	
Lb/SC/SG	248,300	193,230	55,070	175000	30,000	
Average	\$186,090	\$173,570	\$12,520	\$222,000	\$45,000	
7c.u.gc	<b>\$100,000</b>		ng Year – Sambo		<b>V</b> 10,000	
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment	
LB/SC/Mack	\$112,820.58	\$100,246	\$12,575	\$133,000	\$100,000	
LB/SG/Mack	129,851.16	89,142	40,709	200,000	160,000	
LB/SC/Mack	111,340.48	120,569	(-9,229)	275,000	110,000	
LB/SC/Mack	56,405.06	74,695	(-18,289)	300,000	120,000	
LB/SC	63,459.73	64,360	(-900)	100,000	22,000	
Average	\$83,555	\$90,125	(-6,570.00)	\$227,000	\$123,000	
		2003-2004 Fishii	ng Year – <i>Genera</i>	1		
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment	
LB/SC	\$132,100.00	\$72,654	\$59,446	\$40,000	\$146,200	
LB/SC	60,010.00	68,997	(-8,987)	40,000	50,000	
LB/SG	67,015.00	40,635	\$26,380	90,000	52,500	
LB/SC	104,955.00	121,448	(-16,493)	70,000	70,000	
Average	\$91,021	\$75,811	\$15,210	\$60,000	\$80,000	
		2003-2004 Fishin	g Year – <i>Collect</i> o	rs		
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment	
Tropicals	\$49,955.32	\$19,885	\$30,070	\$25,000	\$8,000	
Tropicals	97,521.97	24,884	72,638	30,000	60,000	
Tropicals	14,258.19	1,984	12,274	100,000	9,000	
Tropicals	32,456.07	15,784	16,673	40,000	3,500	
Tropicals	35,710.66	22,436	13,275	70,000	12,000	
Average	\$36,643	\$16,962	\$19,681	\$53,000	\$19,000	

## **COMMERCIAL FISHING PANELS — YEAR EIGHT**

		2004-2005 Fishi	ng Year – <i>Tortug</i>	as	
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment
Lb/SC/SG	\$233,328	\$206,160	\$27,168	\$200,000	\$37,500
Shrimper	109,215	119,190	(-9,975)	270,000	72,000
SG	83,908	82,200	1,708	175,000	12,000
LB/SC/SG	104,728	149,330	(-44,602)	100,000	32,500
Lb/SC/SG	142,330	160,141	(-17,811)	300,000	121,000
Shrimper	126,356	162,922	(-36,566)	250,000	25,000
Shrimper	123,574	113,998	9,576	225,000	38,000
Lb/SC/SG	255,763	267,150	(-11,387)	125,000	45,000
Lb/SC/SG	174,996	219,200	(-44,204)	130,000	42,000
Average	\$167,000	\$165,000	\$2,000	\$197,000	\$47,000
	_	2004-2005 Fishi	ng Year – <i>Samb</i> o	s	
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment
LB/SC/ Mack	\$125,076.80	\$98,589	\$26,488	\$133,000	\$100,000
LB/SG/ Mack LB/SC/	143,957.49	87,668	56,289	200,000	160,000
Mack	123,435.92	118,576	4,860	275,000	110,000
LB/SC/ Mack	62,532.61	73,460	(-10,927)	300,000	120,000
LB/SC	70,353.66	63,296	7,058	100,000	22,000
Averag e	\$87,733	\$88,000	(-267)	\$202,000	\$102,000
		2004-2005 Fishi	ng Year – <i>Genera</i>	al	
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment
LB/SC	\$130,758.92	\$92,028	\$38,731	\$40,000	\$146,200
LB/SC	50,071.52	87,396	(-37,324)	40,000	50,000
LB/SG	55,872.36	51,471	4,401	90,000	52,500
Average	\$82,000	\$77,000	5,000	\$57,000	\$83,000
		2004-2005 Fishir	ng Year – Collecte	ors	
Type Harvester	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings	Replacement Cost Vessel	Replacement Cost Equipment
Tropicals	\$39,901.32	\$19,885	\$20,016	\$25,000	\$8,000
Tropicals	77,894.71	24,884	53,011	30,000	60,000
Tropicals	11,388.59	1,984	9,405	100,000	9,000
Tropicals	25,923.97	15,784	10,140	40,000	3,500
Tropicals	28,523.54	20,968	7,556	70,000	12,000

Average \$36,000 \$17,00	\$19,000 \$53,000	\$18,000
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## COMMERCIAL FISHING PANELS — WITH ANNUAL COMPARISONS

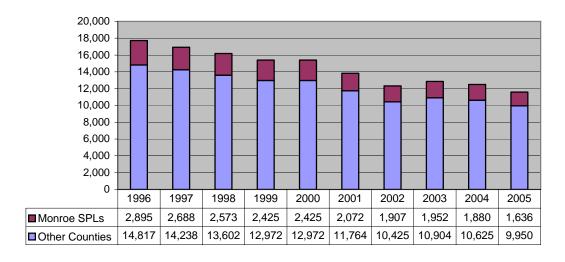
Tortugas Panel	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings
Tortugas 2004-2005	\$167,481	\$164,892	\$2,589
Tortugas 2003-2004	\$186,090	\$173,570	\$12,519
Tortugas 2002-2003	\$143,146	\$132,390	\$10,756
Tortugas 2001-2002	\$145,611	\$115,933	\$29,679
Tortugas 2000-2001	\$149,759	\$120,695	\$29,064
Tortugas 1999-2000	189,299	142,160	\$47,139
Tortugas 1998-1999	\$215,778	\$177,726	\$38,118
Tortugas 1997-1998	\$196,090	\$134,812	\$61,909
Sambos Panel	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings
Sambos 2004-2005	\$87,733	\$88,323	(\$589)
Sambos 2003-2004	\$83,555	\$90,125	(\$6,570)
Sambos 2002-2003	\$87,953	\$87,500	\$453
Sambos 2001-2002	\$91,108	\$66,905	\$24,204
Sambos 2000-2001	\$81,464	\$59,165	\$22,299
Sambos 1999-2000	\$133,149	\$88,758	\$44,390
Sambos 1998-1999	\$129,666	\$83,253	\$45,913
Sambos 1997-1998	\$97,725	\$70,000	\$27,725
General Panel	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings
General 2004-2005	\$81,919	\$76,569	\$5,350
General 2003-2004	\$91,021	\$75,811	\$15,210
General 2002-2003	\$79,149	\$73,603	\$5,546
General 2001-2002	\$95,883	\$75,027	\$20,856
General 2000-2001	\$92,252	\$71,282	\$20,970
General 1999-2000	\$129,557	\$89,779	\$39,778
General 1998-1999	\$113,379	\$75,801	\$37,577
General 1997-1998	\$96,523	\$65,717	\$30,806
Collectors Panel	Harvest Total Value	Harvest Total Cost	Harvest Net Earnings
Collectors 2004-2005	\$36,277	\$17,132	\$19,144
Collectors 2003-2004	\$36,643	\$16,962	\$19,681
Collectors 2002-2003	\$29,791	\$17,487	\$12,305
Collectors 2001-2002	\$37,382	\$15,883	\$21,500
Collectors 2000-2001	\$30,109	\$14,426	\$15,683
Collectors 1999-2000	\$31,958	\$12,628	\$19,330

# FISHING PRODUCTION AND EFFORT COMPARISON INDICATORS BETWEEN THE STATE OF FLORIDA AND MONROE COUNTY

Until the 2001 reporting year, Monroe County had maintained its commercial fishing landings compared to the state of Florida. During the latter part of the 1990's Florida commercial fishery landings in other counties have declined about 16% from 121.5 million lbs. in 1996, to 99.6 million lbs. in 1999. Over the same period, Monroe catches declined about 7% in weight from 23.8 million lbs. in 1996, to 20.8 million lbs in 1999. Over the same period, the landed value of catches in Florida overall have declined by about 5%, while Monroe County catches actually *increased* in total value by about 23%. The importance of higher value shellfish such as lobster, stone crabs and shrimp had insulated the Keys fishermen from the adverse trend overall in Florida commercial fisheries. Between 2000 and 2001, Monroe Counties total landings declined by 24% from 18.1 million lbs. to 13.9 million pounds in 2001. Overall catches in Monroe County continued to decline to a reported 10.1 million pounds of fish and shellfish in 2002. This 28% decline in catch was accompanied by a reported 35% decline in the number of trips reported via FMRI trip tickets for 2002.

2005 is the most recent year for which final statistics are available. Monroe County landings were reported to be 13.1 million lbs produced by 35,811 fishing trips. For the same year the State of Florida reported 90.4 million lbs. landed on 201,614 trips.

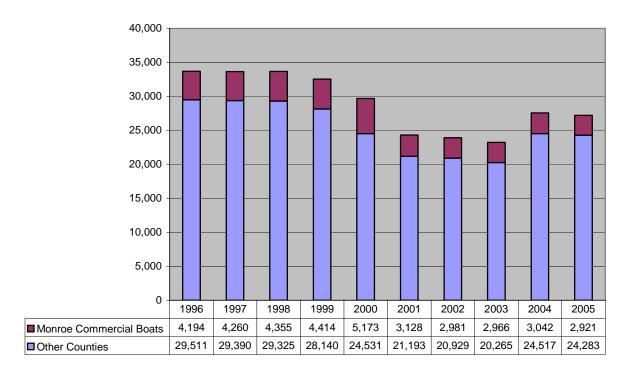
## NUMBER OF SALTWATER PRODUCTS LICENSES FOR MONROE COUNTY AND OTHER FLORIDA COUNTIES



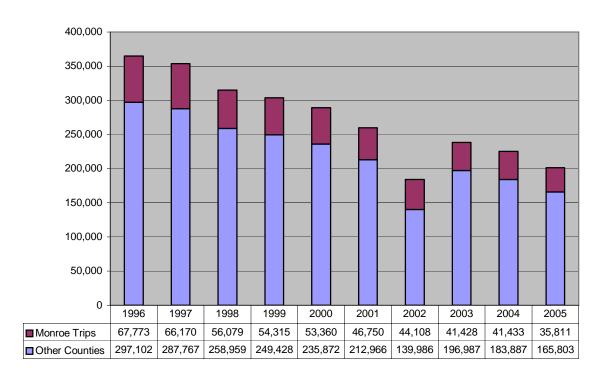
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 $<sup>^{10}</sup>$  All data is based upon fiscal year reports. Therefore FY 2003 represents July 1, 2003-June 30,2004.

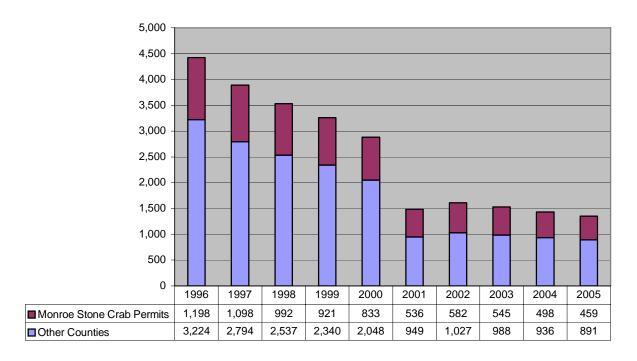
## TOTAL NUMBER OF COMMERCIAL VESSELS AND BOATS FOR MONROE COUNTY AND OTHER FLORIDA COUNTIES



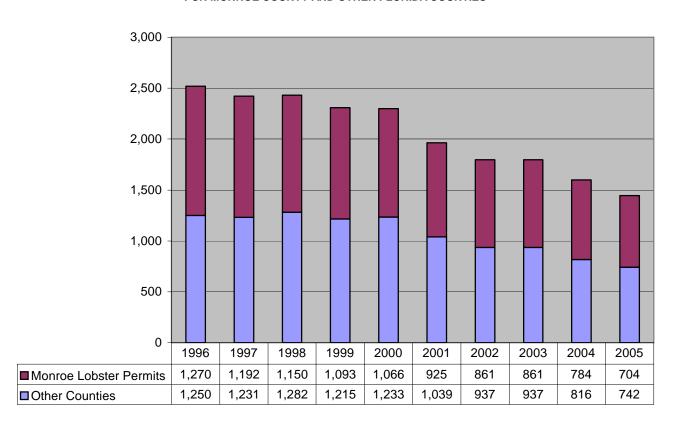
## TOTAL NUMBER OF COMMERCIAL FISHERY TRIPS FOR MONROE COUNTY AND OTHER FLORIDA COUNTIES



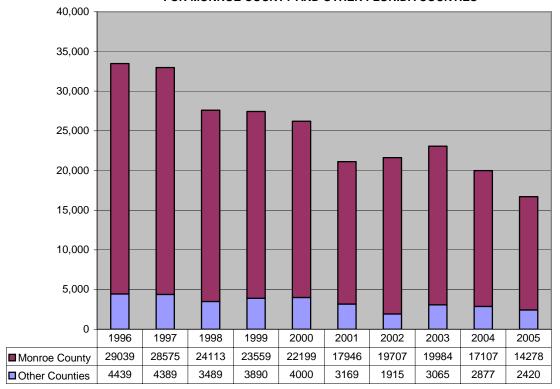
## TOTAL NUMBER OF STONE CRAB PERMITS FOR MONROE COUNTY AND OTHER FLORIDA COUNTIES



## TOTAL NUMBER LOBSTER PERMITS FOR MONROE COUNTY AND OTHER FLORIDA COUNTIES



#### TOTAL NUMBER OF LOBSTER FISHERY TRIPS FOR MONROE COUNTY AND OTHER FLORIDA COUNTIES



#### LOBSTER PRODUCTION AND FISHING EFFORT LOCATION

The major intent of the development of a commercial fisheries panel index is to be able to track changes in industry productivity, relative to changes in management practices associated with the implementation of the FKNMS. Given the primary importance of the spiny lobster fishery to the Key West and lower Keys, area comparisons of trends in catches, effort and crude average catch per unit effort, illustrate the approach to indicator assessments of management impacts.

The 1997 fishing year was the subject year of the "Tortugas 2000" preliminary estimate of the commercial fishery in Monroe County; and, as was pointed out in the evaluations, the 1997 landings by area provided a good baseline for assessing total catch and landings from the Tortugas area (statistical grids 2.0 and 2.9 in the FMRI data.<sup>11</sup>

<sup>11 &</sup>quot;Preliminary Estimates of the Market Economic Values of the Commercial Fishery of Monroe County Potentially Impacted By the Proposed Tortugas Ecological Reserve of the Florida Keys National Marine Sanctuary. Dr. V.R. (Bob) Leeworthy NOAA Strategic Assessments Division. December 1998. According to the report 1997 landings were virtually all (99.9%) reported by FMRI statistical collection area and thus began a reasonable time-series of regional landings data for monitoring purposes. The report observed that previously such data was questionable with 61% of the landings location data in 1994, 27% in 1995 and 4% in 1996 being listed as "unknown".

As was initially pointed out, the monitoring began in the fall of 1998 and was coincidental to two major hurricane events. Review of the three years landing trends below probably reflects those losses in harvest during the peak production months following the storm. The summary graphics depict the catch, effort and a crude measure of average productivity in the appropriate Florida statistical collection areas relevant to the Sambos and Tortugas area.

Increasing yields to the fishery in the local region were experienced in the period 1997-1999 for each statistical area. Following the peak harvest in 1999, lobster production declined significantly throughout the Keys. Between 2000 and 2001 harvest fell by 43 %. 2002 was reported to be a further 20% reduction in spiny lobster landings in Monroe County and a 47% reduction in landings in other Florida Counties compared to 2001. The number of lobster trips reported decline by 41% from 2001 to 2002.

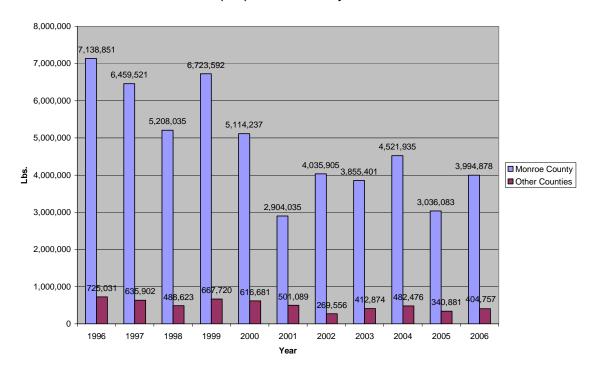
More recent data suggest a further overall decline in poundage caught, trips and overall catch per trip for the Keys fishery. between the 2002 and 2003 fishing years.

There were significant changes in lobster fishing effort throughout the Key West collection areas between 2001 and 2002. The number of lobster trips in collection area 1.0 (South of A1A) increased by 30%; landings from the zone increased by 96% over the period; and the catch per trip increased by 51%. In the collection area (1.1) north of A1A, the number of trips grew by 80%; and lobster harvest increased by 104%, resulting in a reported increase of 14% in landings per trip. Over this period the area Key West Federal Waters collection area (1.9) saw a 3% increase in lobster trips reported, accompanied by a 28% increase in landings with a resulting increase in average catch per trip reported for the zone of 25%.

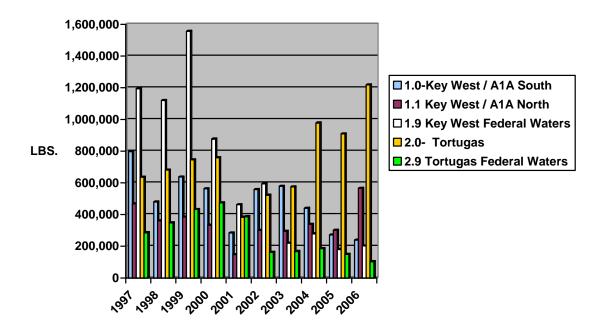
For the Tortugas data collection area (2.0) the lobster harvest increased over the 2001-2002 period by 40%, the number of trips grew by 33% and the resulting average catch per trip increased by 5%. Collection area 2.9, the Tortugas Federal Waters saw a 42% decrease in catch reported from the zone while there was a reported 33% *increase* in the number of lobster trips resulting in a decrease in lobster catch per trip of 12%.

For the 2003 fishing year, pounds produced in the Tortugas collection area (2.0) increased by 10% and for Tortugas Federal waters (2.9) lobster catch rose by 3%. However the number of trips rose 67% and 39 % respectively, indicating declines in catch per trip of 35% for the Tortugas (2.0) and 26 % for the Tortugas Federal Waters (2.9) during the year. Most recent data plotted in the "Tortugas Trends" section below, indicate recent overall increases in the Tortugas waters for lobster catch, value and the number of SPLs reporting, but a continued lag behind the mid 90's in estimated CPUE.

### Total Lobster Harvest (Lbs.) For Monroe County and Other Florida Counties



### Total Lobster Catch (lbs.) By Collection Area



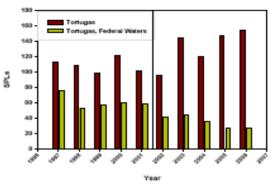
### TRENDS IN TORTUGAS REGION COMMERCIAL FISHING EFFORT AND CATCH

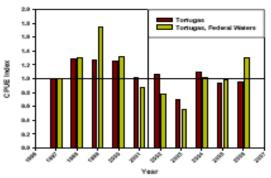
The following series of graphs depict ten years of trends in catch and effort of primary shellfish and finfish species targeted in the FKNMS and particularly the Tortugas area.

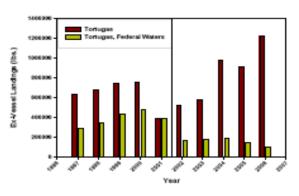
The graphs depict the change in number of Saltwater Products Licenses (SPLs) reporting catch from the Tortugas statistical collection areas (2.0 and 2.9). The SPL numbers represent a good proxy for the numbers of individual fishermen or vessels. As such they are useful in gauging changes in the number of fishermen active in an area. The trip data in conjunction with the ex-vessel landings data is used here to develop a crude index of catch per unit effort (CPUE), with the years ranked relative to the base year of 1997. The number of individual fishing trips is useful as anther indicator for further assessing relative amounts of fishing effort over time. Finally the value of the landed catch is tracked over the same time period.

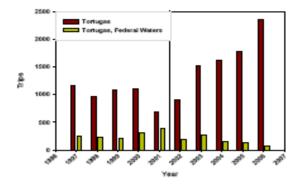
The vertical line drawn from the x axis depicts the July 1, 2001 implementation of the TER closed areas.

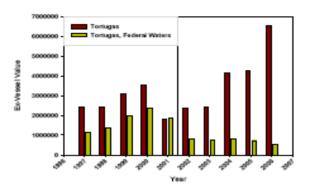
# **Spiny Lobster**



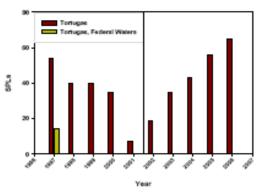


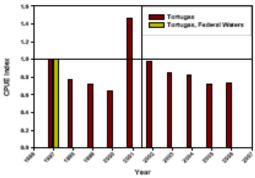


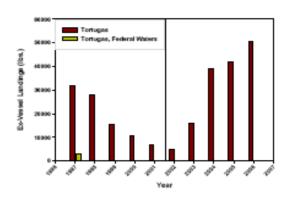


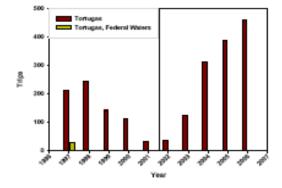


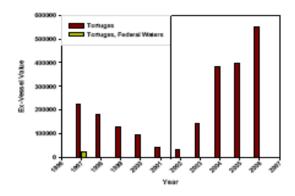
# **Stone Crabs**



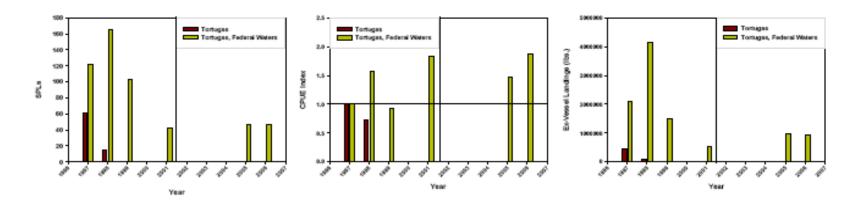


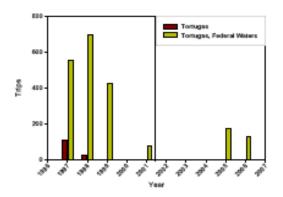


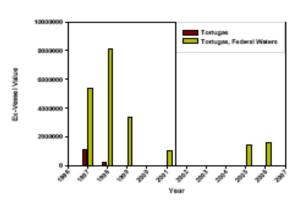




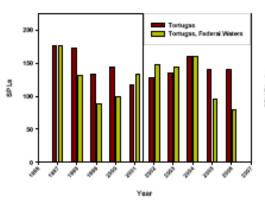
# **Shrimp**

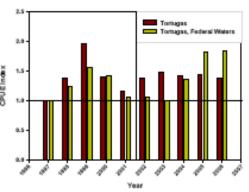


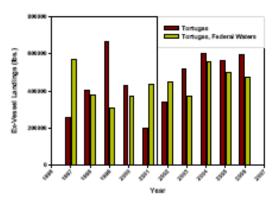


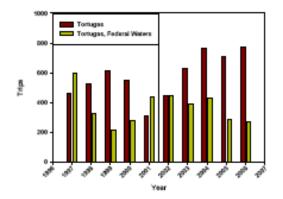


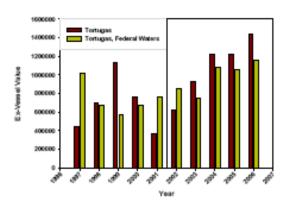
# Reef Fish



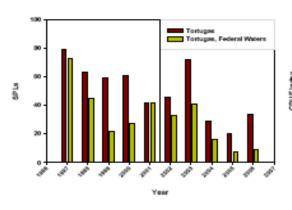


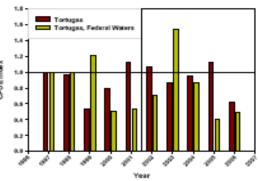


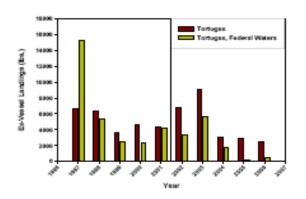


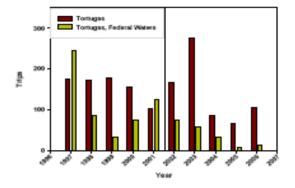


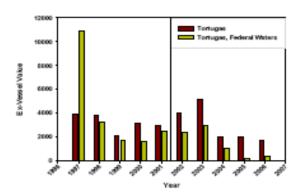
## Inshore Bottom Fish



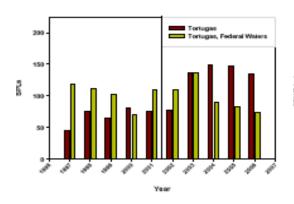


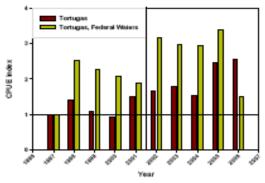


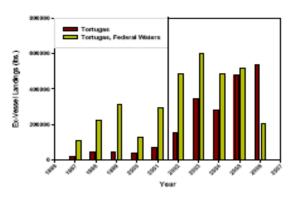


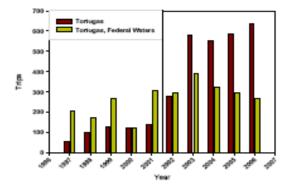


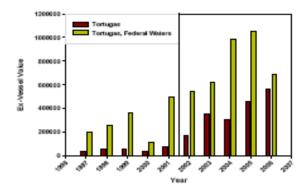
# Offshore Pelagics



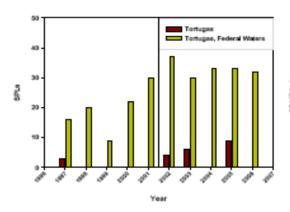


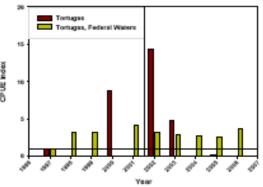


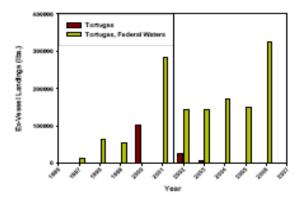


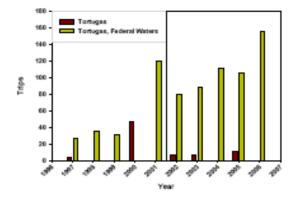


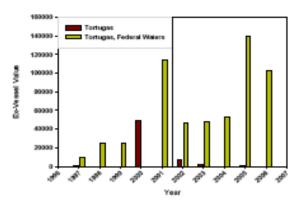
# Offshore Bottom Fish











# **Inshore Pelagics**

